

E9EL037 Language Change * (Advanced)**

Section 1

Choose the best answer.

1. What is the closest meaning for the word “omit” in the sentence “they omit the ‘U’ ”?

- A. Change
- B. Remove
- C. Add

2. What is the closest meaning for the word “locality” in the sentence “...differences in the way people use the same language in different localities”?

- A. Years
- B. Spelling
- C. Places

3. What are the main ideas from the listening? **Tick 3 only.**

a. The past tense of “learn” is spelt differently in the UK and the US.	
b. Some words are spelt differently in different places.	
c. Languages are different now from what they were 100 years ago.	
d. All languages are changing.	
e. “Organise” is not the only word to have different spellings.	
g. The same language can be used differently in different places.	
h. The spelling of the word “grey” is different in the US and the UK.	

E9EL037 Language Change * (Advanced)****Section 2**

Choose the best answers.

1. What is the closest meaning for the word “reluctant” in the sentence “British people are often initially reluctant to use them”?

- A. Very happy to do something but never have the opportunity
- B. Very frightened about something
- C. Not wanting to do something very much

2. What is the closest meaning for the phrase “are averse to” in the sentence “many people are averse to it”?

- A. Don’t like
- B. Agree to
- C. Don’t mind

3. Nowadays, many people think it is more appropriate to use “police person” for “policeman” and “humankind” for _____.

- A. “Mankind”
- B. “The world”
- C. “Men”

4. What are the main ideas from the listening? **Tick 2 only.**

a. Some people suggest replacing words which they think are not appropriate.	
b. Words for food are different in UK English and US English.	
c. “Awesome” and “movie” are good examples of “Americanisms”.	
d. Words from American English sometimes become British English words.	
e. People have difficulties in agreeing on which words they should use.	